Ultradur® **Product Information**

B 4520

03/2008 **PBT**



Product description

Medium viscosity, rapidly freezing injection molding grade for chassis and housings; technical parts of home appliances, office and sewing machines; coil formers.

Abbreviated designation according to ISO 1043-1: PBT CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO ISO 7792-1: Moulding Compound ISO 7792-PBT, MGHLNR, 13-030

Product safety

Ultradur® melts are stable at temperatures up to 280°C and do not give rise to hazards due to molecular degradation or the evolution of gases and vapors. Like all thermoplastic polymers, however, Ultradur decomposes on exposure to excessive thermal stresses, e.g. when it is overheated or as a result of cleaning by burning off. In such cases gaseous decomposition products are formed. Decomposition accelerates above 350°C small quantities of aldehydes and saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons are also formed. When Ultradur® is properly processed and there is adequate suction at the die no risks to health are to be expected.

Further safety information see safety data sheet of individual product.

Safety data sheet could be ask for at the Ultra-Infopoint under tel: 0621/60-78780 or fax:0621/60-78730.

Physical form and storage

Standard packaging includes the 25-kg-bag and the 1000 kg octabin (octagonal container). Other forms of packaging are possible subject to agreement. All containers are tightly sealed and should be opened only immediately prior to processing. Further precautions for preliminary treatment and drying are described in the processing section of the brochure. The bulk density is about 0,7 to 0,8g/cm³.

Under normal conditions Ultradur can be stored for unlimited periods. Even at elevated temperatures, e.g. 40°C in air, and

under the action of sunlight and weather no decomposition reactions occur.

Ultradur should generally have a moisture content of less than 0,04% when beeing processed.

In order to ensure reliable production, therefore, pre-drying should generally be the rule and the machine should be loaded via a closed conveyor system. Appropriate equipment is commercially available. Pre-drying is also for the addition of batches, e.g. in the case of inhouse pigmentation.

In order to prevent the formation of condensed water, containers stored in unheated rooms must only be opened when

they have attained the temperature prevailing in the processing area. This can possibly take a very long time.

Measturements have shown that the interior of a 25-kg bag originally at 5°C had reached the temperature of 20°C in the processing area only after 48 hours.

Note

The data contained in this publication are based on our current knowledge and experience. In view of the many factors that may affect processing and application of our product, these data do not relieve processors from carrying out their own investigations and tests; neither do these data imply any guarantee of certain properties, nor the suitability of the product for a specific purpose. Any descriptions, drawings, photographs, data, proportions, weights etc. given herein may change without prior information and do not constitute the agreed contractual quality of the product. It is the responsibility of the recipient of our products to ensure that any proprietary rights and existing laws and legislation are observed. In order to check the availability of products please contact us or our sales agency.

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Typical values for uncoloured product at 23 °C¹)	Test method ²⁾	Unit	Values ³⁾
Properties			
Polymer abbreviation Density Viscosity number (solution 0,05 g/ml Phenole/1,2 Dichlorbenzol 1:1) natural coloured black Special colours Water absorption, equilibrium in water at 23°C Moisture absorption, equilibrium 23°C/50% r.h.	ISO 1183 ISO 307, 1157, 1628 similar to ISO 62 similar to ISO 62	- kg/m³ cm³/g - - - - %	PBT 1300 130 + + + 0.5
Processing			
Melt volume-flow rate MVR at 250 °C and 2.16 kg Melting temperature, DSC Melt temperature, Injection moulding/Extrusion Mould temperature, Injection moulding Moulding shrinkage, free, longitudinal (plate with film gate 150*150*3 mm³) Moulding shrinkage, free, transverse (plate with film gate 150*150*3 mm³)	ISO 1133 ISO 11357-1/-3 - - - -	cm³/10min °C °C °C °C %	19 223 250 - 275 40 - 70 1.5 1.5
Flammability			
Burning Behav. at 1.6 mm nom. thickn. Burning Behav. at thickness d = 0.4 mm Automotive materials (thickness d>= 1mm) Flammability by electrical sources of ignition, Method BH, d = 4 mm	UL-94 UL-94 - IEC 60707	class class - class	НВ НВ + НВ
Mechanical properties			
Tensile modulus Yield stress, 50 mm/min Yield strain, 50 mm/min Nominal strain at break, 50 mm/min Tensile creep modulus, 1000 h, strain <= 0,5%, 23°C Charpy unnotched impact strength (23°C) Charpy notched impact strength (23°C) Flexural strength Ball indentation hardness at 358 N and 30 s	ISO 527-1/-2 ISO 527-1/-2 ISO 527-1/-2 ISO 527-1/-2 ISO 899-1 ISO 179/1eU ISO 179/1eA ISO 178	MPa MPa % % MPa kJ/m² kJ/m² MPa MPa	2500 60 3.7 >50 1200 N 6 85
Thermal properties			
HDT A (1.80 MPa) HDT B (0.45 MPa) Max. service temperature (short cycle operation) Temperature index at 50% loss of tensile strength after 20000 h Temperature index at 50% loss of tensile strength after 5000 h Coefficient of linear thermal expansion, longitudinal (23-80)°C Thermal conductivity Specific heat capacity	ISO 75-1/-2 ISO 75-1/-2 - IEC 216 IEC 216 ISO 11359-1/-2 DIN 52612-1	°C °C °C °C C W/(m K) J/(kg*K)	65 165 200 120 140 1.3 - 1.6 0.27 1250
Electrical properties			
Relative permittivity (100Hz) Relative permittivity (1 MHz) Dissipation factor (100 Hz) Dissipation factor (1 MHz) Volume resistivity Comparative tracking index, CTI, test liquid A Comparative tracking index, CTIM, Test liquid B	IEC 60250 IEC 60250 IEC 60250 IEC 60250 IEC 60093 IEC 60112 IEC 60112	- E-4 E-4 Ohm*m - -	3.4 3.3 20 200 1E14 550 450

Footnotes
1) If product name or properties don't state otherwise.
2) Specimens according to CAMPUS.
3) The asterisk symbol "signifies inapplicable properties.